# Planning the Defence Against Suit Contracts 

Masterclass, December 2023

India Natt

- Planning the Lead
-Planning after the Lead
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## Planning the Lead

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It could be right to:

- Try to get ruffs
- Try to give ruffs
- Establish quick tricks
- Force Declarer
- Draw trumps
- Avoid giving away tricks


## Planning the Lead - considerations

- The bidding - The biggest clue you have!


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Declarer has shown $5 \vee$ and 4 and has denied 3 or 6 .

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Auction: 1-1s-;2-3e* - 3a-4a $A P$

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Do you already know where the opponents' weaknesses are?


Dummy has shown 3-5-4-1, so Declarer is likely to want to ruff in the short hand.

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Do you already know where the opponents' weaknesses are?


Dummy has shown 3-5-4-1, so Declarer is likely to want to ruff in the short hand.

Consider a trump lead.

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Auction: (1NT) P (2 *)* 2^ ; (P) P (3NT) P ; (4ヶ) AP

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- The bidding - The biggest clue you have!

Has your partner made a bid to tell you what to lead?

Auction: (1NT) P (2 ) * 2^ ; (P) P (3NT) P ; (4ヶ) AP Your hand: \& $75 \vee 962$ QJT7 \& Q532

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- The bidding - The biggest clue you have!

Has your partner made a bid to tell you what to lead?

```
Auction: (1NT) P (2*)* 2^ ; (P) P (3NT) P ; (4ヶ) AP Your hand: \& 75 『 962 \& QJ77 \& Q 32
```

You have 5 HCP, the opponents have bid game and your partner has made a 2 -level overcall, which usually shows an opening hand.

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```

You have 5 HCP, the opponents have bid game and your partner has made a 2 -level overcall, which usually shows an opening hand.

There are too many points in the pack! P must be bidding based on suit quality. Lead a despite your attractive $\downarrow$ holding.

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Are you already entitled to a trump trick or do you need to try to take ruffs?

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Compare the following hands against a 4a contract:
(1) $875 \vee$ QJT5 2 K7432
(2) KJT QJT5 27432

## Planning the Lead - considerations

- Your trump holding

Are you already entitled to a trump trick or do you need to try to take ruffs?

Compare the following hands against a 4a contract:
(1) 875 QJT5 2 K7432

Your trumps are never going to amount to anything unless you take $a \diamond$ ruff. Lead your singleton.
(2) KJT $\vee$ QJT5 $2=27432$

## Planning the Lead - considerations

- Your trump holding

Are you already entitled to a trump trick or do you need to try to take ruffs?

Compare the following hands against a 4a contract:
(1) 875 QJT5 2 K7432

Your trumps are never going to amount to anything unless you take
$a \diamond$ ruff. Lead your singleton.
(2) KJT $\vee$ QJT5 $2 \times 87432$

You have trump tricks regardless, so no need to lead your singleton.

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Lead the $\forall A$ and follow up with the $Q$.

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- Your trump holding

Could you force Declarer into losing trump control?

Your hand: \& KJ42 $\vee 74$ AQJT 843

Lead the $\star$ and follow up with the $Q$.
Declarer has shown 5-4-1-3 and you have enough entries to force him


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- Your trump holding

Could you force Declarer into losing trump control?


```
Your hand: \& KJ42 74 AQJT \& 843
```

Lead the $\star$ and follow up with the $Q$.
Declarer has shown 5-4-1-3 and you have enough entries to force him twice in (or three times if Dummy does not have the K ).
This would leave him with one fewer trump than you, so you would take four tricks: $A, K J$ and a from length.

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- Passive vs. active defence

Is the auction telling you to defend actively or passively?

Compare the following auctions:
(1) 1s-2 - ; 3\& - 4a AP

This unconfident bidding indicates a passive lead so that you do not give Declarer his tenth trick.
(2) 1a-3a-; 4a* -4a AP

## Planning the Lead－considerations

－Passive vs．active defence

Is the auction telling you to defend actively or passively？

Compare the following auctions：
（1）1ヵ－2－；3\＆－4a AP
This unconfident bidding indicates a passive lead so that you do not give Declarer his tenth trick．
（2）1ヵ－3a－；4s＊＊4かAP
The opponents will have more than bare－minimum game values here．An active lead might be the only way to beat the contract．

## Planning the Lead－considerations

－Passive vs．active defence

How many tricks do you have？

Auction：1ヶ（P）P（1ヵ）；P（4ヵ）AP
Compare the following hands：
（1） 542 A7643 A3 K84
You have 2.5 tricks．P didn＇t respond to $1 \vee$ but $\vee \mathrm{Kx}$ or $\diamond \mathrm{Kxx}(\mathrm{xx})$ would work．．．so try the $\star A$ and see which ruff to go for．
（2） 542 AQ643 Q3 A84
You have 2 tricks and there are many ways of scoring two more． Lead a trump and wait for your tricks to come to you．

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-Planning after the Lead


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- Decide whether that was the best plan.
- If not, what should you be doing instead?


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- If Partner led, work out what Partner's plan on lead was; if you led, consider your plan in light of the dummy.
- Decide whether that was the best plan.
- If not, what should you be doing instead?
- And how can you communicate the alternative plan to your partner?


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Lead: $2\left(3^{\text {rd }} / 5^{\text {th }}\right.$, Declarer is balanced $)$
Dummy: KQT6
Your hand: \& AJ943

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P is showing 1 or 3 by leading a clearly low card.

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However, he obviously doesn't have 3 because that would give Decl 1!

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Lead: $2\left(3^{\text {rd }} / 5^{\text {th }}\right.$, Declarer is balanced $)$
Dummy: KQT6
Your hand: AJ943
$P$ is showing 1 or $3 *$ by leading a clearly low card.
However, he obviously doesn't have 3 because that would give Decl 1!
Therefore, it must be a singleton.

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Should you follow your partner's plan against 4』?

Lead: 2 (known singleton)
Dummy: AQ63 $\vee$ KQ KQT6 853
Your hand: (1) $75 \vee$ A753 AJ943 JT9
(2) 752 • 75 AJ943 \& QJT

## Planning After the Lead - considerations

- Your partner's lead

Should you follow your partner's plan against 4^?

Lead: 2 (known singleton)
Dummy: AQ63 $\vee$ KQ KQT6 853
Your hand: (1) $75 \vee$ A753 AJ943 JT9
Yes - you give away a trick but can give a 2nd ruff, so get it back! (2) 752 - 75 AJ943 QJT

## Planning After the Lead - considerations

- Your partner's lead

Should you follow your partner's plan against 4\&?

Lead: 2 (known singleton)
Dummy: AQ63 $\vee$ KQ KQT6 853
Your hand: (1) 75 \& A753 AJ943 JT9
Yes - you give away a trick but can give a 2nd ruff, so get it back! (2) 752 • 75 AJ943 QJT

No - you give away a trick but have no entry back to hand; better to try, hoping that $P$ has the (or K with Decl holding $3+$ )

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Dummy: AQ63 $\vee$ KQ KQT6 853
Your hand: \& $752 \vee 75$ AJ943 QJT

## Planning After the Lead - considerations

- Your partner's lead

How can you make the new plan clear to Partner?

Lead: 2 (known singleton)
Dummy: AQ63 $\vee$ KQ KQT6 853
Your hand: 752 - 75 AJ943 QJT

Rejecting giving $P$ his ruff will be a surprise - surprises make your partner pay attention!

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Dummy: AQ63 $\vee$ KQ KQT6 853
Your hand: 752 『 75 AJ943 QJT

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Remember to switch to the Q to make your holding clear to him.

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Auction: 1*-1ヶ-; 1ه-2s* - 2 2-4ヵAP

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－The bidding

Has Declarer shown a short or long side suit？

Auction：1＊－1ヶ－；1ヵ－2s＊－；2－4』AP
Lead： $\mathbf{v}^{2}$
Dummy：KJT8 $\vee$ KQJT9 87 Q62
Your hand： 94 • A643 QJT KJ75

## Planning After the Lead－considerations

－The bidding

Has Declarer shown a short or long side suit？

Auction：1＊－1ヶ－；1ヵ－2s＊－；2＊－4ヵAP
Lead： $\mathbf{~} 2$
Dummy：KJT8 ャ KQJT9 \＆ 87 Q62
Your hand： 94 • A643 QJT KJ75
Since 2 denied $3 \vee$ ，Partner＇s lead must be from 3 ，not 1 ；so，a switch is required．

## Planning After the Lead－considerations

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Lead： $\mathbf{~} 2$
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Your hand： $94 \vee$ A643 QJT KJ75
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$A \diamond$ looks appealing but that is Declarer＇s long suit（5＋）！

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Has Declarer shown a short or long side suit？

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Lead： $\mathbf{~} 2$
Dummy：KJT8 ャ KQJT9 \＆ 87 Q62
Your hand： 94 ४ A643 QJT KJ75
Since 2 denied $3 \vee$ ，Partner＇s lead must be from 3，not 1 ；so，a switch is required．
A looks appealing but that is Declarer＇s long suit（5＋）！
The only way to take the contract down is by switching to and hoping that $P$ has the $A$ ．

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- The bidding

What can partner realistically have that will allow you to defeat the contract (4 in this case)?

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Your hand: $94 \vee$ AK83 QJT KJ75
Dummy: QJT8 QT72 K9 AT9

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- The bidding

What can partner realistically have that will allow you to defeat the contract (4 in this case)?

Your hand: $94 \vee$ AK83 QJT KJ75
Dummy: QJT8 『 QT72 K9 AT9
You have 14 HCP and the opponents have ~25. This leaves
Partner with at most 1 (or possibly 2).

## Planning After the Lead - considerations

- The bidding

What can partner realistically have that will allow you to defeat the contract (4 in this case)?

Your hand: $94 \vee$ AK83 QJT KJ75
Dummy: QJT8 QT72 K9 AT9
You have 14 HCP and the opponents have $\sim 25$. This leaves Partner with at most 1 (or possibly 2).
You have 3 tricks: the $\vee A K$ and a s. The fourth cannot come from as $P$ cannot have the $\star A$.

## Planning After the Lead - considerations

- The bidding

What can partner realistically have that will allow you to defeat the contract (4 in this case)?

Your hand: $94 \vee$ AK83 QJT KJ75
Dummy: QJT8 QT72 K9 AT9
You have 14 HCP and the opponents have $\sim 25$. This leaves Partner with at most 1 (or possibly 2).
You have 3 tricks: the $\vee A K$ and a s. The fourth cannot come from as $P$ cannot have the $\forall A$.
Therefore, you will only defeat the contract by giving $\mathrm{Pa} \vee$ ruff.

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Auction: 1- - 2^- ; 3n-4a AP
Your hand: 642 J3 QJT3 AQT4
Dummy: AJT $\vee 7542$ - K875 * 62

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Is he drawing trumps or not?

Auction: 1- - 2ヵ- ; 3n-4a AP
Your hand: 642 J3 QJT3 AQT4
Dummy: AJT $\vee 7542$ - K875 \& 62
Declarer plays a to the $J$ in hand and you win your $Q$.

## Planning After the Lead - considerations

- Declarer's line

Is he drawing trumps or not?

Auction: 1- 2A-; 3n-4a AP
Your hand: 642 J3 QJT3 AQT4
Dummy: AJT $\vee 7542$ - K875 \& 62
Declarer plays a to the $J$ in hand and you win your $Q$.
You know that Declarer has four to deal with and that drawing trumps would result in you scoring two more tricks.

## Planning After the Lead - considerations

- Declarer's line

Is he drawing trumps or not?

Auction: 1s-2a-; 3c-4a AP
Your hand: $642 \vee \mathrm{~J} 3$ QJT3 AQT4
Dummy: AJT 4542 - K875 62
Declarer plays a to the $J$ in hand and you win your $Q$.
You know that Declarer has four to deal with and that drawing trumps would result in you scoring two more tricks.
This means that Declarer will try ruffing in the dummy; so start drawing his trumps for him!

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Auction: 1a-2-; 2NT-4@AP
Lead: $\vee T$
Dummy: K32 $\vee$ K2 KQJT5 8762
Your hand: © T98 AQJ - A632 T 4

## Planning After the Lead - considerations

- Declarer's line

Is he about to try to establish a long suit in Dummy?

Auction: 1-2-; 2NT-4@AP
Lead: $\vee T$
Dummy: \& K 42 K2 KQJT5 8762
Your hand: \& T98 $\vee$ AQJ3 \& A632 \& T4
The in Dummy look very scary! You need to deny Declarer his entries.

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Auction: 1-2-; 2NT-4@AP
Lead: $\vee \top$
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Your hand: \& T98 『 AQJ3 * A632 \& T4
The in Dummy look very scary! You need to deny Declarer his entries.
Force Dummy to ruff in the short hand - this looks strange but those ruffs are not necessary to him when he has a source of tricks there.

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How can you make the defence as easy as possible for your partner to follow？

Auction：（2ヵ）3ヶ（4ゅ）AP
Your hand：J8 AKQT93 A63 T4
Dummy：A32 • 872 KQJ5 AKQ

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Auction: (2ヵ) 3• (4ヵ) AP
Your hand: J8 AKQT93 A63 T4
Dummy: A32 • 872 KQJ5 AKQ
You should follow up with the $\vee Q$, not the $\vee K$ : leading the $\vee A$ already showed the K!

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Auction: (2ヵ) 3• (4ヵ) AP
Your hand: $\mathrm{J} 8 \vee \mathrm{AKQT93}$ - A 63 T4
Dummy: A32 • 872 KQJ5 AKQ
You should follow up with the $\vee Q$, not the $\vee K$ : leading the $\vee A$ already showed the K!
If that holds, your plan is to take $2 \vee$, the $A$ and a trump trick (if $P$ has $\propto Q$ ).

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Auction: (2ゅ) 3r (4ヵ) AP
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Dummy: A32 872 KQJ5 AKQ
You should follow up with the $\vee Q$, not the $\vee K$ : leading the $\vee A$ already showed the K!
If that holds, your plan is to take $2 \vee$, the $A$ and a trump trick (if $P$ has $\propto Q$ ). Cash $\Downarrow A$ (in case Decl. has a singleton) before playing a third (low) $\downarrow$.

Now, head to the
Planning the Defence Against Suits tournament and try the practice hands!

